ACCOUNTING FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS Chapter 9

Assume the following data for Mega Company:

Sales:

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Credit Sales} & \$300,000 \\ \text{Cash Sales} & \underline{200,000} \\ \text{Total} & \underline{\$500,000} \\ \text{Accounts Receivable, end of year:} & \$60,000 \end{array}$

Allowance for uncollectible accounts,

before adjusting entry (credit balance) \$800

ADJUSTING ENTRIES AND CALCULATIONS UNDER THE VARIOUS METHODS

a. Income Statement Approach (Percentage of Sales). Past experience indicates that 1% of credit sales will prove to be uncollectible.

Bad Debts Expense

3,000

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

3,000

Calculation: Credit Sales = \$300,000 X .01 (1% of credit sales uncollectible)

b. Balance Sheet Approach--Percentage of Receivables. Past experience indicates that 6% of the year-end accounts receivable will prove to be uncollectible.

Bad Debts Expense

2,800

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

2,800

Calculation: Desired credit balance in allowance = 6% of year-end A/R

(\$60,000 X .06 = 3,600) less credit balance in allowance before adjustment(\$3,600 - 800).

c. Balance Sheet Approach--Aging of Receivables. First, each individual account is aged to determine how long it has been outstanding. Second, an estimated loss percentage is developed for each age category based on past experience and the advice of the credit department. An Accounts Receivable Aging for Mega Company is shown below.

	Balance	Under	31 - 60	61 - 90	Over
	Dec 31	30 days	days	days	90 days
Aaron	\$10,000		\$10,000		
Blue	1,400			\$900	\$500
Farley	17,600	15,000		2,100	500
Jacobs	31,000	30,000		1,000	
Totals	\$60,000	\$45,000	\$10,000	\$4,000	\$1,000
Estimated Uncollectible %		4%	7%	15%	40%
Est. Uncollectible Amount		\$1,800	\$700	\$600	\$400
Total Uncollectible \$3,500					

Bad Debts Expense

2,700

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

2,700

Calculation: Desired credit balance in allowance account (\$3,500) less credit balance in allowance before adjustment (\$800).